## Bridge <br> Great <br> Britain <br> Che 2008 BGB入ucumn <br> Simulcaneous Pairs <br>  <br> avas,



## Dear Bridge Player

Well I hope you enjoyed that set of hands! It seems ages ago that I dealt them - but in case you were wondering, I dealt them myself, and they haven't been altered in any way - just ordinary deals, not selected ones. Our thanks go to Paul Bowyer for the commentary ... he is usually pretty accurate in his estimate of what will happen, so I wonder if he has managed to get it right again this time!

Results from the Simultaneous Pairs will be scored live on www.ecatsbridge.com as normal - hopefully your club will be able to upload the results directly to the server either later this evening or tomorrow and then those of you with Internet access will be able to log on and see your local club result as well as the overall results, which are scored dynamically as soon as the results are uploaded.

Thank you for taking part in this event ... I hope you enjoyed yourself, win or lose, and that you will play in some more Simultaneous Pairs events in the future.

With best wishes

Board I. Love All. Dealer North.

- A 1072
®96432
$\diamond$ K Q 10
89


East-West can make 6\% easily. However, there may be problems in bidding the hand and many will fail to reach the top spot. I wouldn't open that East hand (4.4.4.I hands play poorly in general) and, even if you do, the normal choice would be $\backslash \diamond$, which will dampen West's ardour. Some Souths will be allowed to open with a weak $2 \triangleleft$ and that will add to the general confusion. 3NT and 4s will make for East-West and may be more common contracts than 6\%.

Board 2. N/S Vul. Dealer East.
\& KJIO 63
$\stackrel{\bullet}{ }$ JO
$\diamond$ Q 84
\& Q 103

| ¢ 9 | ¢ A 5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc 8532$ | $\bigcirc$ AK 76 |
| $\diamond$ AJ 1076 | $\diamond$ K 532 |
| \% A 87 | \% 952 |

\&Q 8742
$\diamond$ Q 94
$\diamond 9$
$\& K 164$

East-West can make $4 \checkmark$ here but it is a poor spot, dependent on both a 3-2 trump break and taking the right view in Diamonds. $4 \diamond$ is also available on the same guess. Against a Heart contract some Souths may expose the Diamond position by leading one but that would be an ill-judged selection holding a likely trump trick. A Spade lead (or even an aggressive Club) is a much better choice. Some pairs will play in INT by East, making eight or possibly nine tricks.

Board 3. E/W Vul. Dealer South.

- AQ972

คA76
$\diamond 10652$
\& 2


East-West have Hearts and most of the points and North-South have the Spade suit. So we are set for competitive auctions that may end up anywhere. As the cards lie, East-West can be held to just eight tricks in Hearts after a Club lead from North or a Spade lead from South and a Club switch. North-South can always make nine tricks in Spades. Many will play in $4 \checkmark$ down one or two by East, I suspect, although some will misguidedly sacrifice in 4s.
Board 4. Game All. Dealer West.

- AKQ 1085
$\bigcirc 8$
$\diamond 974$
- 196


What do you open as West? Certainly it's wrong to pre-empt with a I.5.0.7 shape and ls doesn't appeal so Pass may be best. Now North will open 14 and East will bid 2 ... What now? Actually, it isn't that wild to try your luck with a raise to $6 \triangleleft$ on that West hand facing a vulnerable overcall. Few will do that, I suspect, but many will forge their way to a slam. 6s by North-South will cost 800 in theory but only if West gets a Diamond ruff. -500 may well be good.

Board 5. N/S Vul. Dealer North.
Q Q 7
$\bigcirc 96$
$\diamond$ J 9876

- J 65
- A 10654
- Q 7
$\diamond$ KQ 5
- K 98
- 983
© AJ 83
$\diamond A 32$
- A Q 10
- K2
-K 10542
$\diamond 104$
\& 7432
A gentle enough hand with East-West able to make either of the two obvious Games: 44 and 3NT.4e must lose two trumps and a Heart, so the maximum score available there is 420.3 NT can also always make ten tricks for 430 and might, at a pinch, make eleven after a Heart lead from South. Perhaps many will just bid: I $\vee-14-$ INT - 3NT and that's the most sensible auction. If East opens a strong No-trump they might bid: INT - 28 - 2 - 3NT - Pass.

Board 6. E/W Vul. Dealer East.

- J 43
- J 107

勺K7653
\& 49

- 96
- AK 85
$\diamond$ Q 104
872
- AKQ 1087

Q Q 32
$\diamond$ J 98
$\because 6$

- 2
$\bigcirc 964$
$\diamond$ A 2
2KQJIO543
In theory this is a part-score deal with North-South able to make $3 \boldsymbol{e}$ and East-West no more than 34. To hold East to nine tricks, though, South has to lead Ace and another Diamond or to switch to that after holding the first trick with the K . Many NorthSouths, however, will sacrifice in 5\% Doubled down two over 4 - whether that is a good score or a very bad one will depend on how many East-West pairs manage to avoid the Diamond ruff and record 620.

Board 7. Game All. Dealer South.

- Q 10862

A6432
$\diamond$
2. 103
AK
K 10
$\diamond$ Q875
$\&$ A8742

- 543
\& A 8742
$\diamond$ AKJ 92
- J 97

ค 87
$\diamond 10643$

* K 965

East-West have an easy slam available (6 ) if they can bid it. Much may depend on whether North decides to make a two-suited overcall and whether East-West try to penalise the resulting contract, maybe collecting 500 or 800. Reaching a slam clearly isn't easy - East will be conscious of his three low Spades and West will be worried about his exposed 9 K and possible Club losers.An interesting test of bidding with many pairs likely to settle for $3 \mathrm{NT}+2$.
Board 8. Love All. Dealer West.

- J 1053
©AJ975
$\diamond K$
\& 1073


The last deal (Hand 7) had a laydown slam to East-West - this time we have a farcical one Yes, East-West can actually make $6 \vee$ sbut only with an anti-percentage line in trumps and with the benefit of the Club finesse. What may well happen, though, is that North-South gaily overbid and reach 41 (which is going at least one off) and East-West "sacrifice" in 5 s, finding that the contract cannot be defeated. South may compound a bad Board by Doubling.

Board 9. E/W Vul. Dealer North.

- AJ 104
$\bigcirc 98$
$\diamond 10643$
-K 62

$$
982
$$

$\diamond 16543$
$\diamond 2$

$$
10943
$$

Q Q 765

- K 7
$\diamond$ K Q 985
85
- K 3

8 AQ 102
$\diamond A J 7$

* AQJ 7

The obvious contract on the North-South cards is 3NT and it is hard to see any pair outside an asylum playing in anything else. The whole issue of the hand is about making overtricks. On a low Heart lead from West declarer can win and play a small Heart back to West's $\supsetneq$ J. Now South can afford a losing Spade finesse and still make eleven tricks.A Diamond switch from West is no good, giving eleven tricks in a different way.All roads seem to lead to 3NT+2.

Board IO. Game All. Dealer East.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Q } \\ & \vee \text { AJ2 } \\ & \diamond \text { AKQ } 9642 \\ & \& \text { Q 2 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| - K93 | - J1087542 |
| $\bigcirc$ Q 74 | $\bigcirc$ |
| $\checkmark 83$ | $\diamond$ J1075 |
| -108654 | ¢ 3 |
|  | 4 A 6 |
|  | - K 1098653 |
|  |  |
|  | 2 AK97 |

The computer has given East-West three good slams in the first seven hands so has redressed the balanced a little by giving North-South a grand slam. 78 and 7NT can both make, always provided that declarer takes the right view in Hearts by cashing the QK first. If East has done something over-aggressive in the bidding (34, anybody?) then declarer should get it right. If not, it is an open shot and my sympathies lie with any declarer failing in $7 \bigcirc$ or 7 NT . Tough.

Board II. Love All. Dealer South.

¢ 842
$\checkmark$ A 96542
$\diamond 4$
A A 52
Some nice looking hands but no one can make very much on this hand. Played in Hearts North-South can only just make eight tricks but the hand is more likely to be played in Diamonds by West.A Heart lead and continuation will, with careful defence, produce a trick in each suit for the defenders so the maximum making contract for East-West is $3 \diamond$. Some Wests will make more tricks than that as it may not be easy for the defence to see the need to force the dummy.
Board I2. N/S Vul. Dealer West.

```
K 4
```

c
c
c

- J75
- Q 8754
$\diamond$ A 98
\& 8
\& }
\& }
< K6
< K6
< K1076432
< K1076432
\& Q IO

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& Q IO
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Some interesting bidding decisions here, especially at the vulnerability. East-West can make a thin 4 , except if East plays it and South leads a Diamond. North-South, meanwhile, can make ten tricks in Clubs with careful play. That makes 5 Doubled a decent, if dangerous, sacrifice. Of course, it is possible that the bidding dies young in a part-score but what part-score that might be is near enough impossible to tell. Scores all over the place, $I$ suspect.

Board 13. Game All. Dealer North.

- 95
© AK63
$\triangleleft$ A 63
\& 10943


With the points split 21-19 you wouldn't expect anyone could make anything much on these cards - even more so when you note that the is waste paper and the K is a dead duck. Nevertheless, North-South can make $4 \checkmark$ standing on their heads. Meanwhile, East-West can make next to nothing in Spades or Clubs.All the interest will be in the bidding and that might end up in anything from part-scores in either direction to 4 『 Doubled and made.

Board I4. Love All. Dealer East.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 96542 \\ & \& K J 532 \\ & \diamond 63 \\ & \& A \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1 A | - KJ 103 |
| $\bigcirc$ A Q 74 | $\bigcirc 8$ |
| $\diamond$ K 984 | $\checkmark$ AJ 72 |
| 2 J 1052 | -9843 |
|  | - Q 87 |
|  | $\bigcirc 1096$ |
|  | $\checkmark$ Q 105 |
|  | \& KQ 76 |

This deal belongs to East-West in a minorsuit part-score. East-West can make 3\& or $3 \diamond$, despite the Club break, and IIO should be decent. Those who play in No-trumps may mange to scrape together eight tricks but accurate defence can hold East-West to just seven. Of course, some Norths may overbid their hands, excited by the $5-5$ shape. If, however, they play (or make South play) in anything beyond the two-level they may be Doubled and down plenty.

Board I5. N/S Vul. Dealer South.

- A865

Q 82
Q 32
\& Q 64


East-West can make a part-score in all strains but Spades. With the lie of the Hearts, EastWest can make nine tricks there and 140 should score well. A Spade lead can hold No-trumps to eight tricks (North has to cover the 810 with the 8 Q , though) for I 20 . Many will open the West hand with a weak No-trump and now East simply has to view whether to Pass or remove to 2 V . It is a close decision with such a hand but statistics suggest it is right to play in the major.

## Board I6. E/W Vul. Dealer West.

109
AJ7532
$\diamond$ Q 74
\& 94


This looks to be a fairly dull Board in that East-West have a cold Game available (44) with little chance of bidding to anything else. It really won't matter if West opens $\mathbf{I} \diamond$, is or a weak INT - all roads lead unerringly to 44.The match-points that are up for grabs all centre around the opening lead.A Diamond lead will set up three quick defensive tricks as might a trump to the $\uparrow \mathrm{A}$ and a Diamond switch. A Heart or a Club will let declarer make a valuable overtrick.

Board 17. Love All. Dealer North.

- A 2
- J 1087
$\diamond A 4$
\& AKJ6 3


No one can make a Game here so the highest making contract is $4 \%$ for North-South. That is an unlikely spot as the bidding is likely to go is from North, $\mathrm{I} \diamond$ from South and 44 fromWest. North will surely Double and that should end the auction. In theory, West has nine tricks (with the Heart finesse) and no more. However, it is a tough hand to defend as North has to lead trumps early (to remove the entry to the Diamonds) or to cash A and lead Hearts. Not easy.
Board I8. N/S Vul. Dealer East.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \qquad 986 \\ & \diamond 1042 \\ & \diamond A 109 \\ & \diamond A 987 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| - 7432 | - K 105 |
| ¢ Q 83 | ¢ K 65 |
| $\diamond$ K 76 | $\diamond$ Q 5432 |
| 2 K 106 | - 43 |
|  | $\triangle \mathrm{AQJ}$ |
|  | $\bigcirc$ AJ9 7 |
|  | $\checkmark$ J 8 |
|  | * Q J 52 |

North-South have a marginal 3NT here with the red Tens (not to mention the black Kings) proving to have major importance in the play. The defenders cannot prevent South from making at least nine tricks and some will make ten. Whether you bid this to 3 NT or not is debatable. If South shows a flat 15-16 by rebidding INT then North has a maximum Pass; if INT shows $15-17$ the good intermediates make it just worth 2NT, giving South another close decision.

Board I9. E/W Vul. Dealer South.

- A 10
© 1082
$\diamond$ J 1054
- A432
- 8652
$\bigcirc$ K Q 9
$\diamond 72$
- J 1076

Q 94

$\diamond$ Q 9863
Q 95

- KJ7 3
-A6543
$\diamond A K$
-K 8
North-South have an easy Game here with $4 \checkmark$ having at least ten tricks. It isn't completely clear how best to play for eleven tricks but a simple Spade ruff in the dummy will bring down the Q and that will solve most of the problems. Only the 3NT merchants will suffer on this hand as they should be unable to muster more than ten tricks and only nine on a Club lead. Bidding the hand isn't difficult, maybe: $1 \triangleleft-2 \triangleleft-4 \checkmark$. Simplest is sometimes best.

Board 20. Game All. Dealer West. - J 93 - K 10643 $\diamond 53$ \& Q 82

| - A Q 7 | -1064 |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | - Q 982 |
| $\checkmark$ A Q 96 | $\diamond$ KJ 74 |
| \% KJ10963 | * 75 |

- K 852
$\bigcirc$ AJ 75
$\diamond 1082$
- A 4

A deal where East-West should really play in a minor suit part-score making about nine or ten tricks.There is a possibility that South competes in the majors so East-West may be forced to 4 or $4 \diamond$ but they can make those with careful play. Better would be to Double North-South in $3>$ if that is what they bid as that is an effortless 500 . No doubt some East-Wests will overbid this either to a hideous 3NT or five of a minor. Not good bridge - don't overbid at pairs!

Board 2 I. N/S Vul. Dealer North.
$\otimes 6532$
$\diamond 10982$
$\diamond 4$
$\& A 632$


North-South can make nine or ten tricks in Clubs here. However, many Easts might take advantage of the vulnerability and open a weak INT (fair enough with three Tens and II points). Now the contract could well end in INT Doubled, maybe making after a Diamond lead or going off after a Club lead. At other tables, East may Pass but protect with INT after $1 \diamond$ has been Passed around. After that, South may bid 2 and play there. Lots of variation.

Board 22. E/W Vul. Dealer East.

- Q 7
© K 96
$\diamond$ AK 7
AK943

$$
K J 106
$$

$\& 10854$
$\diamond 842$
$>86$

- A95 2
$\bigcirc 2$
$\diamond$ J 10965
\& Q 52
- 843
© A Q J 73
$\diamond$ Q 3
\& J 107
North-South can make $4 \bigcirc$ here with an overtrick. Some Norths, however, may play in 3NT and that is a tricky match-point contract. If the defenders play off four rounds of Spades that's that; declarer claims. On a Diamond lead, though, North might decide to play for a top. He could win the Diamond in hand, cross to the $\vee \mathrm{A}$ and run the m . If he does, East has to decide whether to switch to a Spade or to continue Diamonds with a top or bottom riding on the decision

Board 23. Game All. Dealer South.

- 973
- J 7
$\diamond A 65$
* QJ732

$\pm 42$
$\bigcirc 54$
$\diamond$ J 107432
\& A 64
East-West have Game contracts in three strains, with $4 \checkmark$ and 44 being the obvious spots. The defenders will have to be quick to cash their three tricks against either of these contracts - a passive lead will let 44 make an overtrick and will allow 4 ) to make two overtricks. The most likely contract, though, will be $4 \bigcirc$ by East afterWest has opened Is . South has really little alternative but to lead a Diamond (what else?) and North little choice but to switch to the cxQ
Board 24. Love All. Dealer West.
4 A Q 1098763
$\bigcirc 10$
$\diamond J 42$
06

| - 4 | ¢ J 5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| - A Q 8543 | 8 K 92 |
| $\checkmark$ A 7 | $\diamond \mathrm{KQ}$ |
| \& QJ 54 | \% K 108732 |

- K2
- J 76
$\diamond 1098653$
- A 9

Lots of possibilities on this tricky deal as East-West can make $5 \%$ (and 4\%) and NorthSouth can make 44. Well, the first two bids are obvious -West will open I 8 and North will bid 44. Now what? It is possible for East to Double leading to either -590 (if West Passes) or +400 (ifWest bids 5\%).These are truly difficult hands and no one can really be blamed for conceding 590 as East-West. If pre-empts were ineffective no one would use them, would they?

Board 25. E/W Vul. Dealer North.
. K 75
-AK84
$\diamond 63$
*) 832


- AJ9432
$\bigcirc 52$
$\diamond$ K 982
- 7


## $\stackrel{Q}{8} 9763$ <br> $\diamond$ A 107 <br> AKK54

North-South can make $5 \bigcirc$ (and 5\%) and the vulnerability is likely to prevent East-West from getting too frisky in Spades. Is that the end of it? By no means! In fact, it takes a Diamond lead to defeat a slam by NorthSouth and $6 \checkmark$ is not that bad a spot on the North-South cards. It makes if the Clubs play for no loser or, when they are 3-I, if trumps are 2-2 and the defenders don't lead Diamonds.That's some way above $50 \%$.Any takers tonight?

Board 26. Game All. Dealer East.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A753 } \\ & 92 \\ & \diamond K J 9 \\ & \& 10962 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 4 J 94 | - K 8 |
| $\bigcirc 64$ | $\bigcirc \mathrm{K} 10875$ |
| $\diamond 73$ | $\diamond 10862$ |
| ¢ AKQ 83 | 3 - J5 |
|  | Q 1062 |
|  | - AQJ 3 |
|  | AQ 54 |
|  | - 4 |

This deal seems to be a routine Game in Spades. With the actual Spade layout and the friendly location of the $\triangle \mathrm{K}$ North-South can make eleven tricks in Spades and 4is where you want to be on this deal.After East has Passed South has a choice of $\mathrm{I} \diamond$ or 1$\rangle$ according to whim and system and an easy raise to 3 is if orth responds 14 . If West overcalls it might be more murky but a negative Double should sort things out. 650 everybody?

Board 27. Love All. Dealer South.
A 4
Q 986
くK87
*) 965


- K 65

A 3
932
AK 432
3NT isn't quite makeable on this deal in theory but it might make in practice. Not that it is a thing of beauty as it needs the Clubs to provide five tricks, not to mention an extra trick in either Diamonds or Hearts. Weak No-trump adherents may well open one and play there - strong No-trumpers may open IE and rebid INT.After a Spade lead declarer has to decide what to do - most will cash their Clubs and settle for eight tricks. Some will fiddle a ninth.
Board 28. N/S Vul. Dealer West.

- Q 7

K Q 953
$\diamond$ J 103

- A 42


49

- J 7
$\diamond K 97654$
* KJ 85

East-West can make 4a and that will be easypeasy to bid shouldWest decide that he has a weak two in Spades. East has the world's most obvious raise to Game and there we are. If West Passes and North opens $I \triangleleft$ it all gets much more murky and now anything is possible, including South playing in INT down a few. North may even open INT and that may also muddy the waters. Still, after a Double from East,West will surely bid Spades to some level.

Board 29. Game All. Dealer North.

- AKQJ 3
$\stackrel{\wedge}{ }$ AJIO 9
$\diamond A$
- A 108


North-South can make 78 but reaching it may be awkward for standard methods. This is probably a very good hand for a strong Club system as the Heart fit can be identified early. If North, playing standard methods, opens 2 it is marginal whether South bids $2 \triangleleft$ (which must surely lead to the grand slam) or $2 \diamond$ (which probably won't). After a $2 \triangleleft$ response North can simply bid 5NT (assuming that asks for two top trump honours) and $7 \bigcirc$ is reached quickly.

Board 30. Love All. Dealer East.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \qquad \text { QJ85 } \\ & \vee \text { K } 98762 \\ & \diamond \text { A54 } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| -10964 | 4 AK2 |
| $\bigcirc 105$ | $\bigcirc$ A Q 4 |
| $\checkmark 82$ | $\checkmark 63$ |
| * AQJIO3 | 3 -97654 |
|  | - 73 |
|  | ¢J3 |
|  | $\diamond$ K Q J 1097 |
|  | * K 82 |

A part-score battle with East-West able to make ten tricks in Clubs and North-South able to make at least eight in Diamonds and nine in Hearts. If East opens INT it is possible that Clubs never get mentioned and North-South might play in something like 2 , making about 140 points. If East opens 1\% the outcome of the auction may well depend on whether that shows Clubs or not. A very difficult to predict deal with scores all over the place.

Board 3I. N/S Vul. Dealer South.

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A1054 } \\ & \text { QJ92 } \\ & \text { 983 } \\ & <62 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| - K732 | - 86 |
| -K864 | $\bigcirc$ A 107 |
| $\checkmark$ A 10 | $\diamond$ K Q 4 |
| - Q 53 | - AK 104 |
|  | - QJ 9 |
|  | $\bigcirc 53$ |
|  | $\checkmark 7652$ |
|  | * J 987 |

East-West will surely play this in 3 NT so the interest in the deal revolves around making overtricks. It is best played by West as North has an awkward lead - a Heart or a Spade gives away a trick, allowing West to make at least ten and maybe eleven tricks. It is hard for North to find a passive minor suit lead - if he does, West won't dare to play a Heart to the S 10 as he fears a Spade switch. If East plays the hand a Spade lead will probably hold declarer to nine tricks.

## Board 32. E/W Vul. Dealer West.

752
•J 4
$\diamond$ J 965
\& 1052


After West opens It (and some may try a weak No-trump) East-West should buy the hand in a Spade part-score. Even after a Diamond lead (best) declarer can patiently play Hearts towards the $\ Q \mathrm{Q}$ and make nine tricks. Meanwhile, North-South can make very little - about eight tricks in Hearts being the limit. IfWest opens is East should raise to 24 and South has a choice between Double and 3 P . Regardless, East should compete with 3s on the next round.

## The Websites

There are a lot of official and unofficial websites connected with bridge. Here are some of the official ones that you may find interesting and useful
www.ecatsbridge.com
Simultaneous Pairs Results
www,bridgegreatbritain.org The official BGB site
www.ebu.co.uk English Bridge Union
www.scottishbridge.co.uk
www.wbu.org.uk/
www.cbai.ie/
www.nibu.co.uk/
www.acbl.org
www.worldbridge.org
www.eurobridge.org
www.wbfteaching.org
Welsh Bridge Union
Contract Bridge Assoc of Ireland
Northern Ireland Bridge Union
American Contract Bridge League
World Bridge Federation
European Bridge League
WBF Teaching

If you are looking for the official site for a particular country, please go to the Address section on www.ecatsbridge.com, where there is a list of all official member countries of the World Bridge Federation with their websites listed and contact details.

